

GAMMA-RAY EMISSION OF NON-THERMAL ASTROPHYSICAL PLASMA

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University of Hamburg Germany Compact astrophysical objects like neutron stars and black holes energize their environment to create a highly relativistic and magnetized plasma in the form of collimated and un-collimated outflows. These outflows are bright sources of gamma-ray emission that we can observe using ground based "gamma-ray telescopes". With these observations we reveal the mechanisms for particle acceleration, the strength of the magnetic field, and the composition of the plasma.

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